

Port of Vancouver

BNSF Railway – Hazardous Material Transportation Preparedness and Response

June 4th, 2013



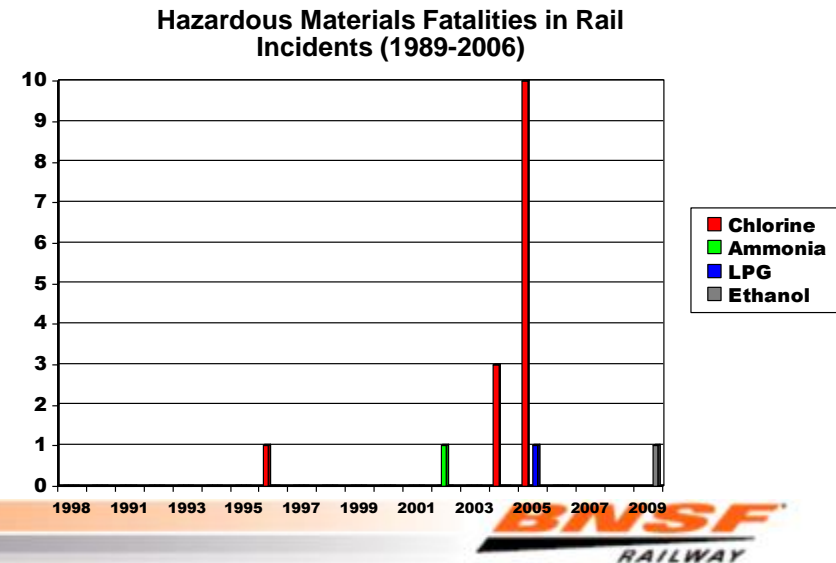
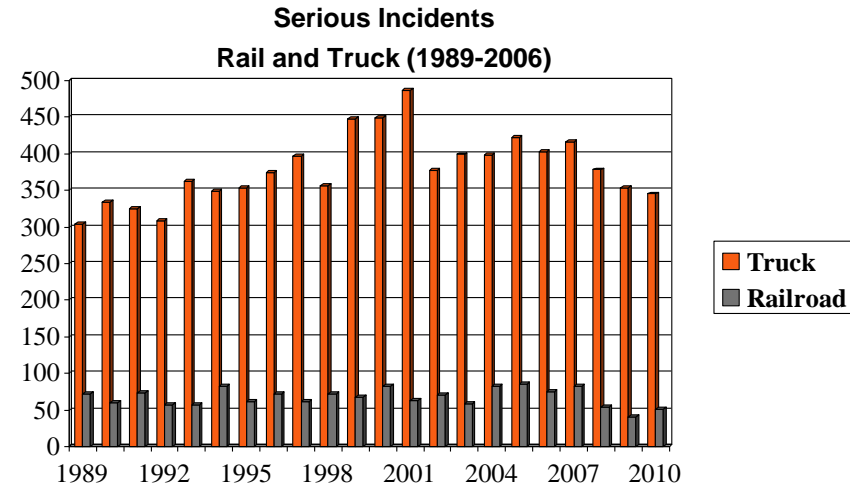
Hazardous Materials

- *For US Railroads Hazardous Materials Account for:*
 - 5% of total U.S. freight rail carloads
 - 5% of tonnage
 - 6% of ton-miles
- **68% of rail hazmat travels in tank cars**
- **28% on intermodal flat cars; the remainder in covered hoppers, gondolas, and other car types**
- **The most potentially hazardous materials, termed toxic inhalation hazards (TIH) are nearly all transported in tank cars. TIH materials constitutes only about 0.3 % of all rail carloads. In 2012 TIH shipment declined about 15% as safer alternatives are developed and transported.**

Hazardous Materials Transport

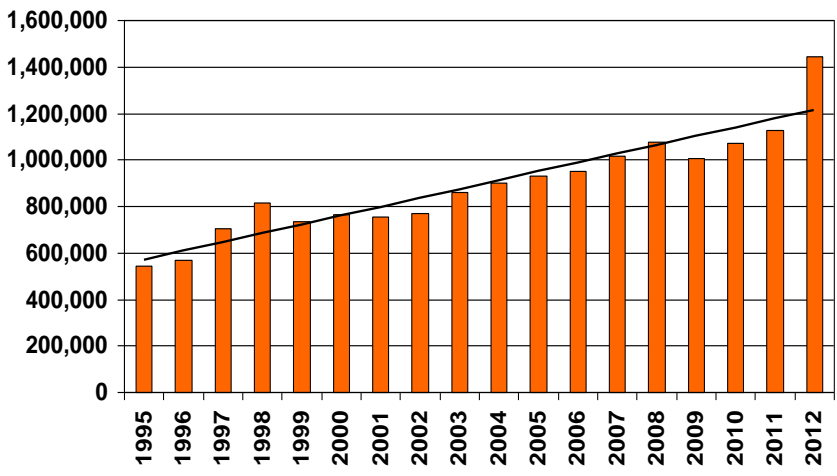
As common carriers, railroads are required under federal law to move hazardous materials

- **Virtually all are shipped without incident (99.998%)**
- **Hazmat accident rates have declined by 90% since 1980 and nearly 50% since 1990**
- **Moving hazardous materials by rail is 16 times safer than moving them on the roads**
- **Railroads incurred 17 fatalities since 1989 while trucks average nearly 11 annually. BNSF had none.**

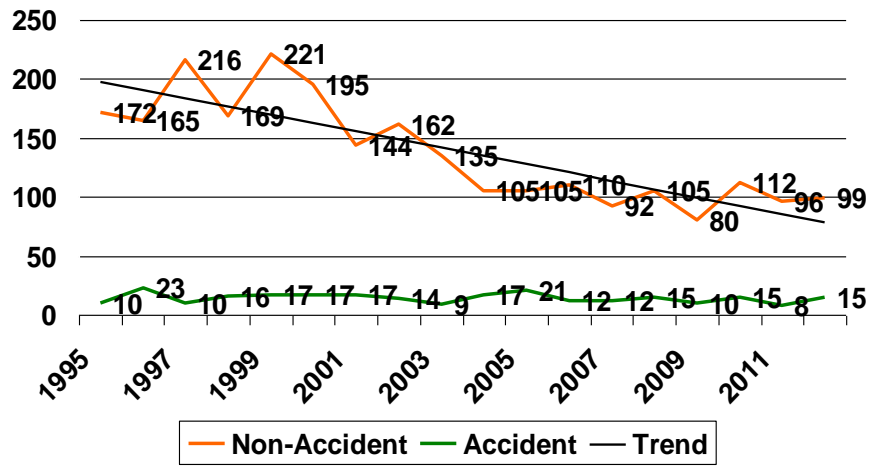


BNSF Hazardous Materials Transportation

Number of Shipments



Total Releases



Examples of Types of Releases

Any identifiable release is reportable under DOT regulations



Non-Accident Release



Accident Release

BNSF Washington State Crude Oil Transportation

- Currently for BNSF, US “Crude by Rail” consists of mainly transportation from various Shale oil sources (i.e Bakken, Eagle Ford, Permian Basin etc).
- In 2012 - 3,632 shipments of petroleum crude oil (PCO) came to WA State
- In Q1 2013 – over 3,700 of PCO came into WA State



BNSF Crude Oil Transport			
Year	LDD SHPMTS	RESIDUE SHPMTS	TOTAL SHPMTS
2011	38,312	39,514	77,826
2012	152,926	162,678	315,604
% Change	299.16%	311.70%	305.53%

Low Pressure Tank Car – DOT 111A100W1



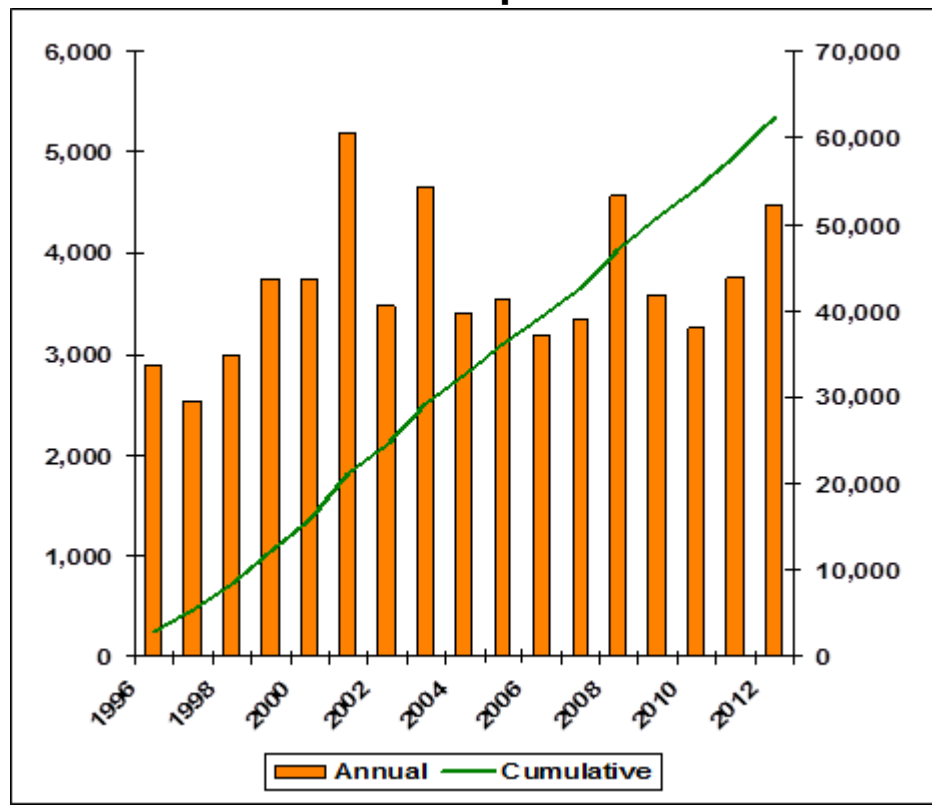
Preparedness: Community Training

Community focus is on training responders and providing interpretative information. Training is available via instructor lead or computer based training.

Training topics include:

- Train list / shipping papers
- Placards
- Equipment
- Incident Assessment
- *Hands-on equipment in field – Instructor lead*
- **Commodity Flow Study**

Number of Responders Trained



Emergency Preparedness and Planning

System Emergency Response Plan

- Identifies how BNSF responds to incidents throughout our system
- Includes:
 - LRP's (Local Reaction Plans)
 - LERP's (Local Emergency Response Plans)
 - Notification Procedures
 - Outlines Roles and Responsibilities

BNSF Company Control Points

Sector Map 5



RM 194.2 - Horsethief Lake State Park

FBS MP-98.5

Position - Location: 45.63991 -121.103485 Lyle, WA (Klickitat County)

StrategyObjectiveTxt: Collection Collect oil moving downstream from upstream source

Implementation: Anchor boom end to river bank near 45.639909,-121.103485. With FRV, tow remaining boom end upstream towards NE or ENE and anchor in place, as appropriate, based on environmental conditions and river speed. Use additional anchor systems as needed to keep boom secure in river. Use existing structures, anchor posts, or trees to secure boom to river bank.
*Use amount of boom appropriate for site given current conditions, angle as appropriate and needed.

StagingAreaTxt: On-Site Large staging area at park for equipment. Good recovery access but only 80-70bbl able to fit at recovery location.

SiteSafety: Slippery banks when wet or icy; trip & fall hazards; water hazards; active railway hazards.

FieldNotes: Call BNSF, Notify USACE 541-298-7505. Boat Launch is available at recovery location for smaller skiffs/FRVs.

Watercourse: River - River Below a Dam - Middle Columbia River - The Dalles Pool Area - Lake Celilo

Resources_atRisk: Downstream habitat, fresh water wildlife. Sensitive resources nearby.



Recommended Equipment

1000	Feet	River Boom (or other appropriate type)
1	Each	Workboat (FRV)
1	Each	Anchor Post Driver(s)
2	Each	Anchor Post(s)
4	Each	Anchor systems (anchor, lines and floats)
1	Each	Towing bridle (sized for boom)
1	Each	Vac Truck(s) (with Truck Operator) - 70bbl or 80bbl only
1	Each	Nearshore skimming system (with storage)

Recommended Personnel

1	Supervisor(s)
3	Laborer(s)
1	Boat Operator(s)

FBS MP-98.5

Fallbridge Sub - Oil Spill Control Points (CCPs)

4-57



NIMS Incident Command System

- BNSF Railway will initiate, manage and maintain a rapid, aggressive, well coordinated, and effective response
- BNSF hazardous material responders, contractors, operations supervisors and train crews will work within the Unified Incident Command Structure



Response: Hazmat GIS

HAZMAT Incident Management - Windows Internet Explorer

http://bnsfweb.bnsf.com/bnsf.was6/hazmatrespondermap/HAZMATResponderMapServlet?LSID=c523a4ac0e87856cf765495ab8343aa08f10

HAZMAT Incident Management

Home Feedback Help

Layers

Locate Incident

Division : Please Select a Division

Sub Division :

Mile Post :

Locate Incident

Go To

Get Directions

Legend

Map Satellite

United States

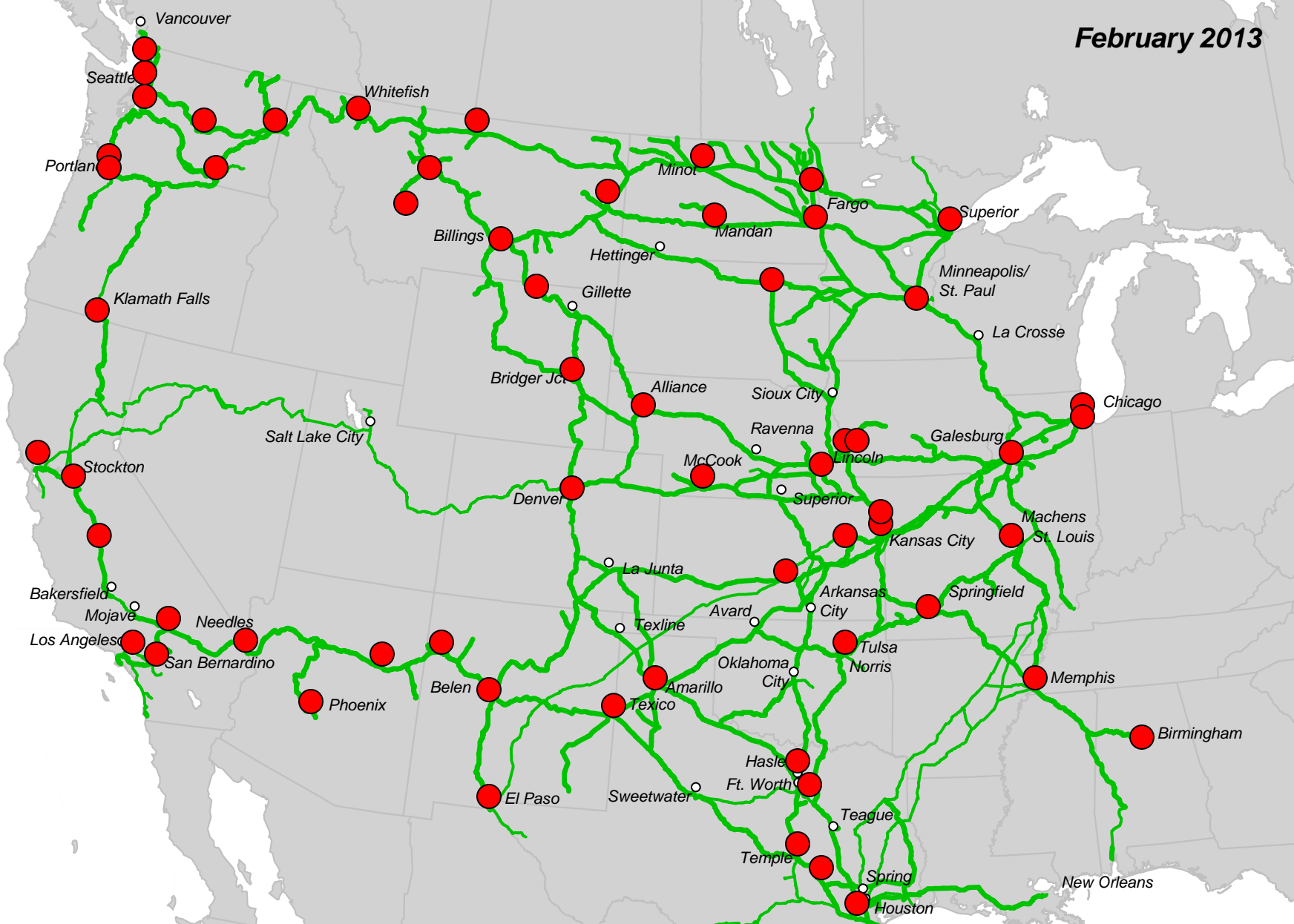
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February 2013

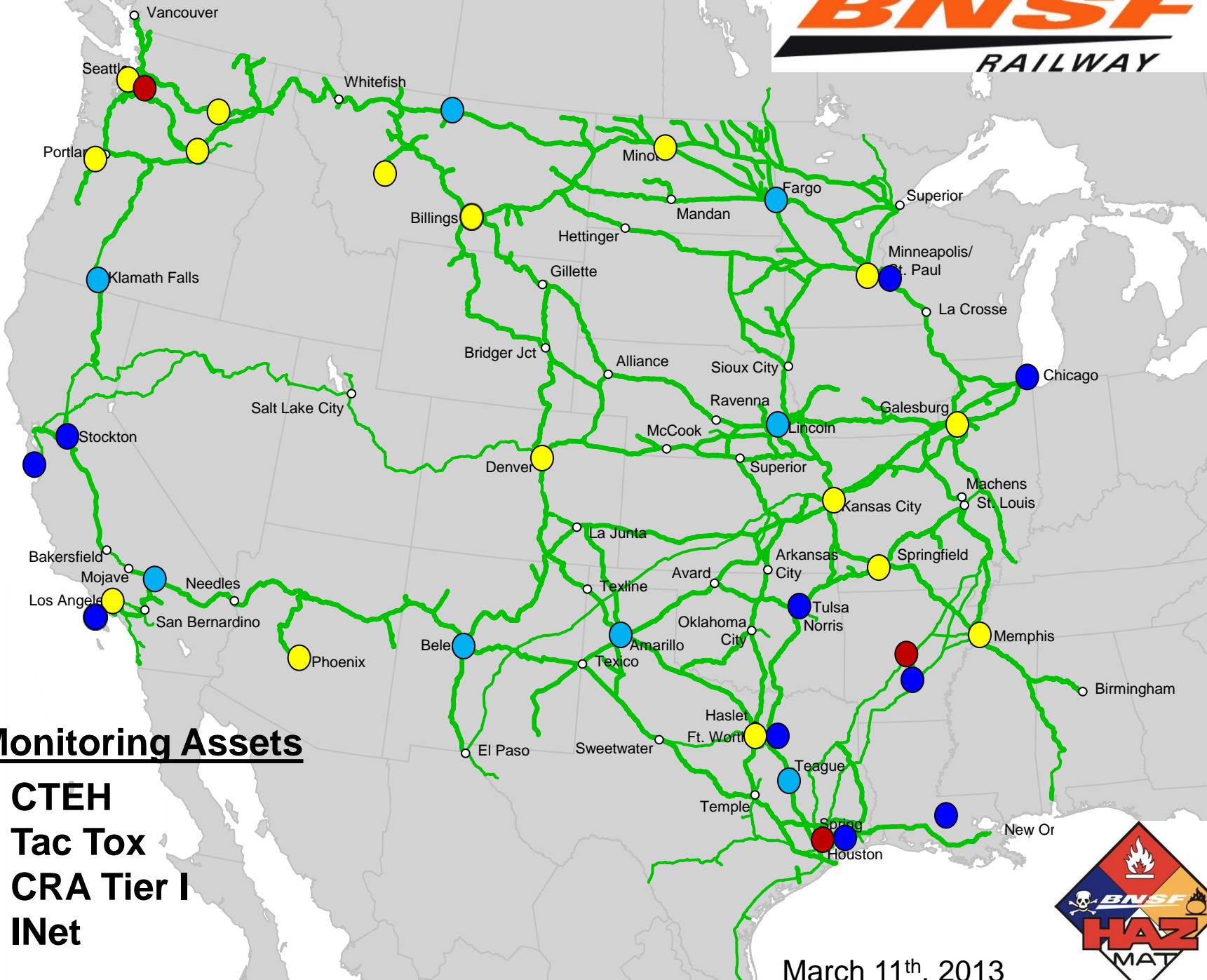


BNSF HAZMAT Responder Locations

**220+ Responders at
60 Locations**

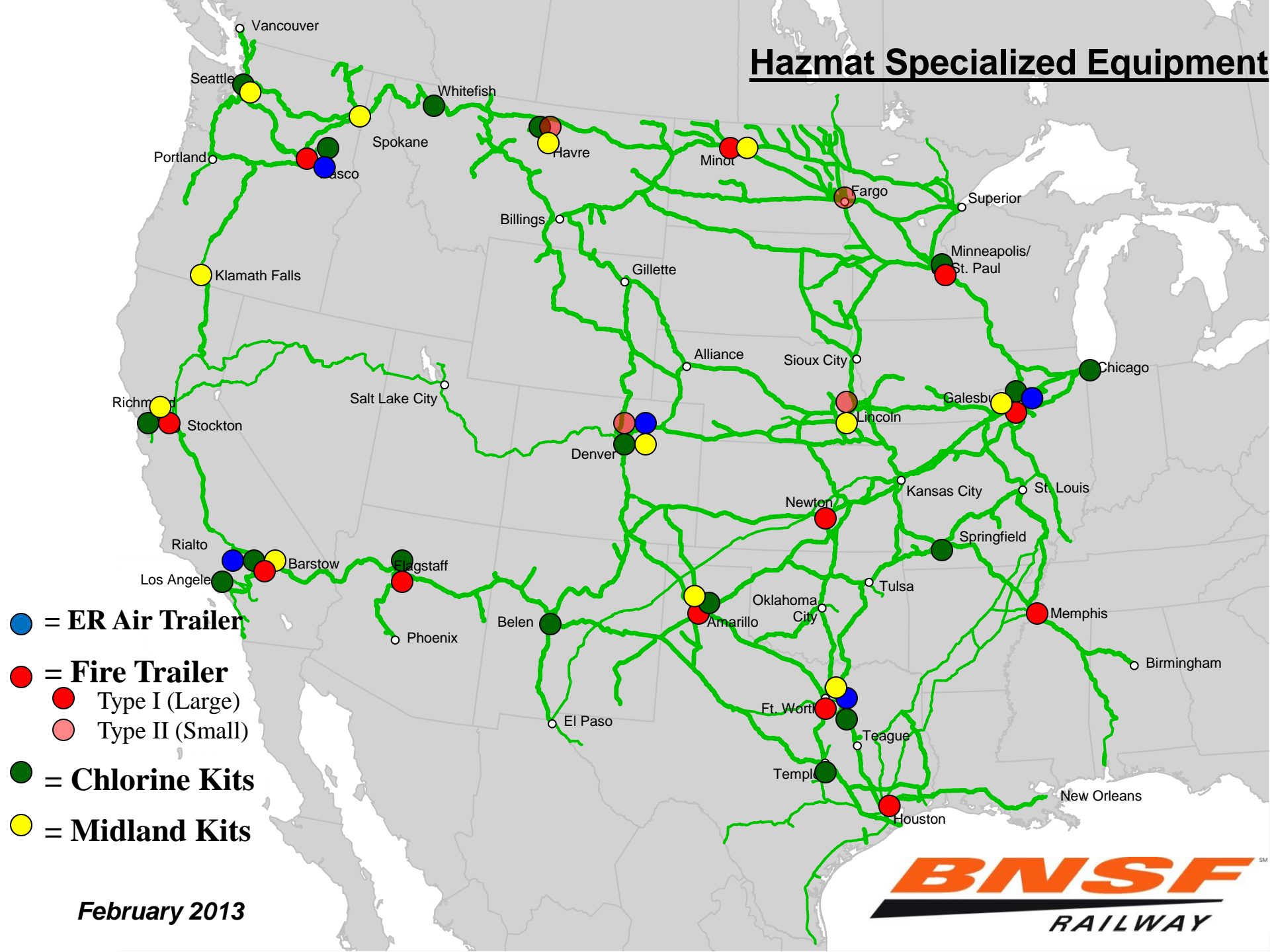
Air Monitoring Assets

- CTEH
- Tac Tox
- CRA Tier I
- INet



March 11th, 2013

Hazmat Specialized Equipment



- = ER Air Trailer
- = Fire Trailer
 - Type I (Large)
 - Type II (Small)
- = Chlorine Kits
- = Midland Kits

February 2013



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RAILWAY

